## Exercise Sheet 2 COMP6741: Parameterized and Exact Computation

## 2016, Semester 2

- 1. Prove the following generalization of Lemma 3 [Lawler '76]: For any graph G on n vertices, if G has a k-coloring, then G has a k-coloring where one color class is a maximal independent set in G of size at least n/k.
- 2. In the MEETING MOST DEADLINES problem, we are given n tasks  $t_1, \ldots, t_n$ , and each task  $t_i$  has a length  $\ell_i$ , a due date  $d_i$ , and a penalty  $p_i$  which applies when the due date of task  $t_i$  is not met. The problem asks to assign a start date  $s_i \geq 0$  to each task  $t_i$  so that the executions of no two tasks overlap, and the sum of the penalties of those tasks that are not finished by the due date is minimized.

MEETING MOST DEADLINES

Input: A set  $T = \{t_1, \ldots, t_n\}$  of n tasks, where each task  $t_i$  is a triple  $(\ell_i, d_i, p_i)$  of three

non-negative integers.

Output: A schedule, assigning a start date  $s_i \in \mathbb{N}_0$  to each task  $t_i \in T$  such that

 $\sum_{i \in \{1, \dots, n\} : s_i + \ell_i > d_i} p_i$ 

is minimized, subject to the constraint that for every  $i, j \in \{1, ..., n\}$  with  $i \neq j$  we have that  $s_i \notin \{s_j, s_j + 1, ..., s_j + \ell_j - 1\}$ .

- (a) Show that the MEETING MOST DEADLINES problem can be solved in  $O^*(n!)$  time by reformulating it as a permutation problem.
- (b) Design an algorithm solving the Meeting Most Deadlines problem in  $O^*(2^n)$  time.